

- The correct order of hybridisation of the central atom in the following species. [JEE 2001]
 NH_3 , $[\text{PtCl}_4]^{2-}$, PCl_5 and BCl_3 is [At No. Pt = 78]
 (1) $\text{dsp}^2, \text{sp}^3\text{d}, \text{sp}^2$ and sp^3
 (2) $\text{sp}^3, \text{dsp}^2, \text{sp}^3\text{d}, \text{sp}^2$
 (3) $\text{dsp}^2, \text{sp}^2, \text{sp}^3$ and sp^3d
 (4) $\text{dsp}^2, \text{sp}^3, \text{sp}^2$ and sp^3d
- In $[\text{Cr}(\text{C}_2\text{O}_4)_3]^{3-}$, the isomerism shown is - [AIEEE-2002]
 (1) Ligand (2) Optical
 (3) Geometrical (4) Ionization
- One mole of the complex compound $\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_5\text{Cl}_3$, gives 3 moles of ions on dissolution in water. One mole of the same complex reacts with two moles of AgNO_3 solution to yield two moles of $\text{AgCl}(\text{s})$. The structure of the complex is - [AIEEE-2003]
 (1) $[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_3\text{Cl}_3] \cdot 2\text{NH}_3$ (2) $[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_4\text{Cl}_2]\text{Cl} \cdot \text{NH}_3$
 (3) $[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_4\text{Cl}]\text{Cl}_2 \cdot \text{NH}_3$ (4) $[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_5\text{Cl}]\text{Cl}_2$
- In the coordination compound $\text{K}_4[\text{Ni}(\text{CN})_4]$, the oxidation state of nickel is - [AIEEE-2003]
 (1) 0 (2) +1 (3) +2 (4) -1
- The number of 3d-electrons remained in Fe^{2+} (At.no. of Fe = 26) ion is - [AIEEE-2003]
 (1) 4 (2) 5 (3) 6 (4) 3
- The coordination number of a central metal atom in a complex is determined by :- [AIEEE-2004]
 (1) The number of ligands around a metal ion bonded by sigma and pi-bonds both
 (2) The number of ligands around a metal ion bonded by pi-bonds
 (3) The number of ligands around a metal ion bonded by sigma bonds
 (4) The number of only anionic ligands bonded to the metal ion
- Which one of the following complexes is an outer orbital complex :- [AIEEE-2004]
 (1) $[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_6]^{3+}$ (2) $[\text{Mn}(\text{CN})_6]^{4-}$
 (3) $[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]^{4-}$ (4) $[\text{Ni}(\text{NH}_3)_6]^{2+}$
 (Atomic nos.: Mn=25 ; Fe=26 ; Co=27 ; Ni = 28)
- Coordination compounds have great importance in biological systems. In this context which of the following statements is incorrect ? [AIEEE-2004]
 (1) Cyanocobalamin is vitamin B_{12} and contains cobalt
 (2) Haemoglobin is the red pigment of blood and contains iron
 (3) Chlorophylls are green pigments in plants and contain calcium
 (4) Carboxypeptidase - A is an enzyme and contains zinc
- The correct order of magnetic moments (spin only values in B.M.) among is :- [AIEEE-2004]
 (1) $[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]^{4-} > [\text{MnCl}_4]^{2-} > [\text{CoCl}_4]^{2-}$
 (2) $[\text{MnCl}_4]^{2-} > [\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]^{4-} > [\text{CoCl}_4]^{2-}$
 (3) $[\text{MnCl}_4]^{2-} > [\text{CoCl}_4]^{2-} > [\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]^{4-}$
 (4) $[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]^{4-} > [\text{CoCl}_4]^{2-} > [\text{MnCl}_4]^{2-}$
 (Atomic nos. : Mn = 25, Fe = 26, Co = 27)
- The species having tetrahedral shape is : [JEE 2004]
 (1) $[\text{PdCl}_4]^{2-}$ (2) $[\text{Ni}(\text{CN})_4]^{2-}$
 (3) $[\text{Pd}(\text{CN})_4]^{2-}$ (4) $[\text{NiCl}_4]^{2-}$
- The pair of compounds having metals in their highest oxidation state is [JEE 2004]
 (1) $\text{MnO}_2, \text{FeCl}_3$
 (2) $[\text{MnO}_4]^- , \text{CrO}_2\text{Cl}_2$
 (3) $[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]^{3-} , [\text{Co}(\text{CN})_3]$
 (4) $[\text{NiCl}_4]^{2-} , [\text{CoCl}_4]^-$
- For octahedral complex, the value of the 'spin only' magnetic moment for one of the following configurations is 2.84 BM. The correct one is [AIEEE-2005]
 (1) d^4 (in strong ligand field)
 (2) d^4 (in weak ligand field)
 (3) d^3 (in weak as well as in strong field)
 (4) d^5 (in strong ligand field)
- The IUPAC name for the complex $[\text{Co}(\text{NO}_2)(\text{NH}_3)_5]\text{Cl}_2$ is - [AIEEE-2006]
 (1) pentaammine nitrito-N- cobalt (II) chloride
 (2) pentaammine nitrito-N- cobalt (III) chloride
 (3) nitrito-N- pentaamminecobalt (III) chloride
 (4) nitrito-N- pentaamminecobalt (II) chloride
- Nickel ($Z=28$) combines with a uninegative monodentate ligand X^- to form a paramagnetic complex $[\text{NiX}_4]^{2-}$. The number of unpaired electron in the nickel and geometry of this complex ion are, respectively. [AIEEE-2006]
 (1) one, square planar (2) two, square planar
 (3) one, tetrahedral (4) two, tetrahedral
- In $\text{Fe}(\text{CO})_5$, the Fe-C bond possesses [AIEEE-2006]
 (1) ionic character
 (2) σ - character only
 (3) π -character only
 (4) both σ and π character
- How many EDTA (ethylenediaminetetraacetate) molecules are required to make an octahedral complex with a Ca^{2+} ion ? [AIEEE-2006]
 (1) One (2) Two (3) Six (4) Three

17. The "spin-only" magnetic moment [in units of Bohr magneton, (μ_B)] of Ni^{2+} in aqueous solution would be (At. No. Ni = 28)- [AIEEE-2006]
 (1) 0 (2) 1.73 (3) 2.84 (4) 4.90
18. Which one of the following has a square planar geometry :- (Co = 27, Ni = 28, Fe = 26, Pt = 78) [AIEEE-2007]
 (1) $[CoCl_4]^{2-}$ (2) $[FeCl_4]^{2-}$
 (3) $[NiCl_4]^{2-}$ (4) $[PtCl_4]^{2-}$
19. The coordination number and the oxidation state of the element 'E' in the complex $[E(en)_2(C_2O_4^{2-})]NO_3^0$ (where en is ethylene diamine) are, respectively - [AIEEE-2008]
 (1) 6 and 2 (2) 4 and 2
 (3) 4 and 3 (4) 6 and 3
20. In which of the following octahedral complexes of Co (at. no. 27), will the magnitude of Δ_0 be the highest? [AIEEE-2008]
 (1) $[Co(CN)_6]^{3-}$ (2) $[Co(C_2O_4)_3]^{3-}$
 (3) $[Co(H_2O)_6]^{3+}$ (4) $[Co(NH_3)_6]^{3+}$
21. Which of the following pairs represents linkage isomers? [AIEEE-2009]
 (1) $[Co(NH_3)_5NO_3]SO_4$ and $[Co(NH_3)_5SO_4]NO_3$
 (2) $[PtCl_2(NH_3)_4]Br_2$ and $[PtBr_2(NH_3)_4]Cl_2$
 (3) $[Cu(NH_3)_4][PtCl_4]$ and $[Pt(NH_3)_4][CuCl_4]$
 (4) $[Pd(PPh_3)_2(NCS)_2]$ and $[Pd(PPh_3)_2(SCN)_2]$
22. Which of the following has an optical isomer? [AIEEE-2009]
 (1) $[Co(H_2O)_4(en)]^{3+}$ (2) $[Co(en)_2(NH_3)_2]^{3+}$
 (3) $[Co(NH_3)_3Cl]^+$ (4) $[Co(en)(NH_3)_2]^{2+}$
23. Which one of the following has an optical isomer? [AIEEE-2010]
 (1) $[Zn(en)_2]^{2+}$ (2) $[Zn(en)(NH_3)_2]^{2+}$
 (3) $[Co(en)_3]^{3+}$ (4) $[Co(H_2O)_4(en)]^{3+}$
 (en = ethylenediamine)
24. A solution containing 2.675 g of $CoCl_3 \cdot 6NH_3$ (molar mass = 267.5 g mol⁻¹) is passed through a cation exchanger. The chloride ions obtained in solution were treated with excess of $AgNO_3$ to give 4.78 g of $AgCl$ (molar mass = 143.5 g mol⁻¹). The formula of the complex is :- [AIEEE-2010]
 (At. mass of Ag = 108 u)
 (1) $[CoCl(NH_3)_5]Cl_2$ (2) $[Co(NH_3)_6]Cl_3$
 (3) $[CoCl_2(NH_3)_4]Cl$ (4) $[CoCl_3(NH_3)_3]$
25. Which of the following facts about the complex $[Cr(NH_3)_6]Cl_3$ is wrong? [AIEEE-2011]
 (1) The complex is an outer orbital complex
 (2) The complex gives white precipitate with silver nitrate solution
 (3) The complex involves d^2sp^3 hybridisation and is octahedral in shape
 (4) The complex is paramagnetic
26. The magnetic moment (spin only) of $[NiCl_4]^{2-}$ is :- [AIEEE-2011]
 (1) 2.82 BM (2) 1.41 BM
 (3) 1.82 BM (4) 5.46 BM
27. Among the ligands NH_3 , en, CN^- and CO the correct order of their increasing field strength, is :- [AIEEE-2011]
 (1) $CO < NH_3 < en < CN^-$
 (2) $NH_3 < en < CN^- < CO$
 (3) $CN^- < NH_3 < CO < en$
 (4) $en < CN^- < NH_3 < CO$
28. Which one of the following complex ions has geometrical isomers? [AIEEE-2011]
 (1) $[Co(en)_3]^{3+}$ (2) $[Ni(NH_3)_5Br]^+$
 (3) $[Co(NH_3)_2(en)_2]^{3+}$ (4) $[Cr(NH_3)_4(en)]^{3+}$
29. Which among the following will be named as dibromidobis (ethylene diamine) chromium (III) bromide? [AIEEE-2012]
 (1) $[Cr(en)Br_2]Br$ (2) $[Cr(en)_3]Br_3$
 (3) $[Cr(en)_2Br_2]Br$ (4) $[Cr(en)Br_4]^-$
30. The complex ion $[Pt(NO_2)(Py)(NH_3)(NH_2OH)]^+$ will give :- [JEE-MAIN-2012, Online]
 (1) 4 isomers (Geometrical)
 (2) 2 isomers (Geometrical)
 (3) 3 isomers (Geometrical)
 (4) 6 isomers (Geometrical)

PREVIOUS YEARS QUESTIONS			ANSWER KEY				Exercise-II			
Que.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Ans.	2	2	4	1	3	3	4	3	3	4
Que.	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Ans.	2	1	2	4	4	1	3	4	4	1
Que.	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Ans.	4	2	3	2	1	1	2	3	3	3