PREVIOUS YEARS' QUESTIONS

EXERCISE-II

- 1. The oxidation states of the most electronegative element in the products of the reaction of BaO₂ with [JEE 1991] dilute H₂SO₄.
 - (1) 0 and -1
- (2) -1 and -2
- (3) 2 and 0
- (4) 2 and + 2
- For the redox reaction, 2. [JEE 1992] $MnO_4^- + C_2O_4^{2-} + H^+ \rightarrow Mn^{2+} + CO_2 + H_2O$ the correct coefficients of the reactants for the halanced reaction are .

balanced reaction are.									
	MnO_4^-	$C_2O_4^{2-}$	H^+						
(1)		5	16						
(2)	16	5	2						
(3)	5	16	2						

16

- A 5.0 cm³ solution of H₂O₂ liberates 0.508 g of 3. iodine from an acidified KI solution. Calculate the strength of H₂O₂ solution in terms of volume strength at STP. [JEE' 1995]
 - (1) 2.48
- (2) 3.48
- - (3) 4.48 (4) 5.48
- The number of mole of KMnO₄ that will need to react 4. completely with one mole ferrous oxalate in acidic solution is: [JEE 1997]
 - (2) 3/5(1) 2/5(3) 4/5(4) 1
- The equivalent mass of MnSO₄ is half its molecular 5. mass when it is converted to: [JEE 1998] (2) MnO₂ $(1) \, \text{Mn}_2 \, \text{O}_3$ $(4) \text{MnO}_4$ $(3) \text{MnO}_4$
- How many millilitre of 0.5 MH₂SO₄ are needed to 6. dissolve 0.5 g of copper II carbonate? [JEE 1999]
 - (1) 7.097(2) 8.097(3) 10(4) 12
- Among the following species in which oxidation state 7. (2) Cr(CN)₆³⁻ of the element is +6: $(1) \text{MnO}_4$
 - (3) NiF_6^{2}
- (4) CrO₂Cl₂
- Oxidation number of iron in Na_2 [Fe(CN)₅ NO^{\oplus}] is: 8. [JEE 2001]
 - (1) + 2

- (2) + 3
- (3) + 8/3
- (4) none of these
- An aqueous solution of 6.3 g of oxalic acid dihydrate 9. is made upto 250 mL. The volume of 0.1 NNaOH required to completely neutralise 10 mL of this solution is: [JEE 2001]
 - $(1) 40 \, \text{mL}$
- (2) 20 mL
- (3) 10 mL
- (4) 4 mL
- MnO₄⁻ is good oxidising agent in different medium **10**. changing to -

Changes in oxidation number respectively are -

- (1) 1, 3, 4, 5
- (2) 5, 4, 3, 2
- (3) 5, 1, 3, 4
- (4) 2, 6, 4, 3

- 11. Oxidation number of Cl in CaOCl₂ (bleaching powder is)
 - (1) Zero, since it contains Cl₂
 - (2)-1, since it contains Cl^{-}
 - (3) +1, since it contains ClO
 - (4) +1 and -1 since it contains ClO- and Cl-
- 12. Which of the following is a redox [AIEEE-02]
 - (1) $2NaAg(CN)_2 + Zn \longrightarrow Na_2Zn(CN)_4 + 2Ag$
 - (2) $BaO_2 + H_2SO_4 \longrightarrow BaSO_4 + H_2O_2$
 - (3) $N_2O_5 + H_2O \longrightarrow 2HNO_3$
 - (4) $AgNO_3 + KI \longrightarrow AgI + KNO_2$
- 13. In the coordination compound, $K_4[Ni(CN)_6]$, the oxidation state of nickel is [AIEEE-03]
 - (1) + 1

(2) + 2

(3) -1

- (4) 0
- The oxidation state of Cr in $[Cr(NH_3)_4Cl_9]^+$ is -

[AIEEE-05]

- (1) + 2(2) + 3
- (3) 0
- (4) + 1
- 15. The oxidation state of chromium in the final product formed by the reaction between Kl and acidified potassium dichromate solution is -[AIEEE-05] (1) + 6(2) + 4(3) + 3(4) + 2
 - Reduction of the metal centre in aqueous
- **16**. permanganate ion involves -[JEE-2011]
 - (1) 3 electrons in neutral medium
 - (2) 5 electrons in neutral medium
 - (3) 3 electrons in alkaline medium
 - (4) 5 electrons in acidic medium
- 17. Which ordering of compounds is according to the decreasing order of the oxidation state of nitrogen-
 - (1) HNO₃, NO, NH₄Cl, N₂
- [JEE- 2012]
- (2) HNO₃, NO, N₂, NH₄Cl
- (3) HNO₃, NH₄Cl, NO, N₂ (4) NO, HNO₃, NH₄Cl, N₂
- 18. 25 mL of household bleach solution was mixed with 30 mL of 0.50 M KI and 10 mL of 4 N acetic acid. In the titration of the liberated iodine, 48 mL of 0.25 N Na₂S₂O₃ was used to reach the end point. The molarity of the household bleach solution [JEE- 2012] is
 - (1) 0.48 M
- (2) 0.96 M (4) 0.024 M
- (3) 0.24 M 19. Given:
 - $X Na_2 HAsO_3 + Y NaBrO_3 + ZHCl \rightarrow$

NaBr + H₃AsO₄+ NaCl

The values of X, Y and Z in the above redox reaction are respectively: [JEE(Main-online)-2013]

- (1) 2, 1, 3
- (2) 3, 1, 6
- (3) 2, 1, 2
- (4) 3, 1, 4

20. Consider the following reaction:

[JEE(Main)-2013]

$$xMnO_4^- + yC_2O_4^{2-} + zH^+ \rightarrow$$

$$xMn^{2+} + 2yCO_2 + \frac{z}{2} H_2O$$

The values of x, y and z in the reaction are respectively:-

- (1) 5,2 and 16
- (2) 2,5 and 8
- (3) 2, 5 and 16
- (4) 5,2 and 8
- 21. How many electrons are involved in the following redox reaction? [JEE(Main-online)-2014] $Cr_2O_7^{2-} + Fe^{2+} + C_2O_4^{2-} \rightarrow Cr^{3+} + Fe^{3+} + CO_2$ (Unbalanced)
 - (1) 3
- (2) 4

(3)5

- (4) 6
- 22. Consider the reaction

[JEE(Main-online)-2014]

$$H_2SO_{3(aq)} + Sn_{(aq)}^{4+} + H_2O_{(1)} \rightarrow Sn_{(aq)}^{2+} + HSO_{4(aq)}^{-} + 3H_{(aq)}^{+}$$

Which of the following statements is correct?

- (1) H_2SO_3 is the reducing agent because it undergoes oxidation
- (2) H_2SO_3 is the reducing agent because it undergoes reduction
- (3) Sn⁴⁺ is the reducing agent because it undergoes oxidation
- (4) Sn⁴⁺ is the oxidizing agent because it undergoes oxidation
- 23. In which of the following reaction H₂O₂ acts as a reducing agent? [JEE(Main)-2014]
 - (a) $H_2O_2 + 2H^+ + 2e^- \rightarrow 2H_2O$
 - (b) $H_2O_2 2e^- \rightarrow O_2 + 2H^+$
 - (c) $H_2O_2 + 2e^- \rightarrow 2OH^-$
 - (d) $H_2O_2 + 2OH^- 2e^- \rightarrow O_2 + 2H_2O$
 - (1) (a), (c) (2) (b), (d) (3) (a), (b) (4) (c), (d)
- The molecular formula of a commercial resin used 24. for exchanging ions in water softening is C₈H₇SO₃Na (Mol. w.t 206). What would be the maximum uptake of Ca²⁺ ions by the resin when expressed in mole per gram resin? [JEE(Main)-2015]
 - (1) $\frac{2}{309}$ (2) $\frac{1}{412}$ (3) $\frac{1}{103}$ (4) $\frac{1}{206}$

25. The volume of 0.1N dibasic acid sufficient to neutralize 1 g of a base that furnishes 0.04 mole of OH- in aqueous solution is:

[JEE(Main)-OnLine-2016]

- (1) 400 mL
- (2) 200 mL
- (3) 600 mL
- (4) 800 mL
- 26. Which of the following reactions is an example of a redox reaction? [JEE(Main)-2017]
 - (1) $XeF_4 + O_2F_2 \rightarrow XeF_6 + O_2$ (2) $XeF_2 + PF_5 \rightarrow [XeF]^+PF_6^-$ (3) $XeF_6 + H_2O \rightarrow XeOF_4 + 2HF_6$
- (4) $XeF_6^0 + 2H_2^2O \rightarrow XeO_2^4F_2 + 4HF$ In which of the following reaction, hydrogen 27. peroxide acts as an oxidizing agent?

[JEE(Main)-OnLine-2017]

- (1) $I_2 + H_2O_2 + 2OH^- \rightarrow 2I^- + 2H_2O + O_2$
- (2) $HOCl + H_2O_2 \rightarrow H_3O^+ + Cl^- + O_2$
- (3) PbS + $4H_2O_2 \rightarrow PbSO_4 + 4H_2O$
- $(4) 2MnO_4^- + 3H_2O_2 \rightarrow 2MnO_2 + 3O_2 + 2H_2O + 2OH^-$
- 28. The pair of compounds having metal in their highest oxidation state is: [JEE(Main)-OnLine-2017]
 - (1) $[NiCl_4]^{2-}$ and $[CoCl_4]^{2-}$
 - (2) $[Fe(CN)_6]^{3-}$ and $[Cu(CN)_4]^{2-}$
 - (3) $[FeCl_4]$ and Co_2O_3
 - (4) MnO₂ and CrO₂Cl₂
- 29. In KO₂, the nature of oxygen species and the oxidation state of oxygen atom are, respectively

[JEE(Main)-OnLine-2018]

- (1) Superoxide and -1/2
- (2) Oxide and --2
- (3) Peroxide and -1/2
- (4) Superoxide and -1
- **30**. To measure the quantity of MnCl₂ dissolved in an aqueous solution, it was completely converted to KMnO₄ using the reaction, $MnCl_2 + K_2S_2O_8 + H_2O \rightarrow KMnO_4 + H_2SO_4$ + HCl (equation not balanced).

Few drops of concentrated HCl were added to this solution and gently warmed. Further, oxalic acid (225 g) was added in portions till the colour of the permanganate ion disappeard. The quantity of MnCl₂ (in mg) present in the initial solution is _____. (Atomic weights in g mol⁻¹: Mn = 55, Cl = 35.5)

PREVIOUS YEARS QUESTIONS				ANSWER KEY			Exercise-II			
Que.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Ans.	2	1	3	2	2	2	4	1	1	3
Que.	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Ans.	4	1	2	2	3	1,2,4	2	3	2	3
Que.	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Ans.	4	1	2	2	1	1	3	2	1	126