## **SOLID STATE EXERCISE-I** 11. Which of the following statement is **CORRECT**?

- 1. If the anions (A) form hexagonal closest packing and cations (C) occupy only 2/3 octahedral voids in it, then the general formula of the compound is  $(2) CA_2 \qquad (3) C_2A_3$
- Which one of the following schemes of ordering 2. closest packed sheets of equal sized spheres do not generate close packed lattice.
  - (1) ABCABC (3) ABBAABBA

(2) ABACABAC (4) ABCBCABCBC

- 3. Packing fraction in 2-D hexagonal arrangement of identical sphere is
  - (1)  $\frac{\pi}{3\sqrt{2}}$  (2)  $\frac{\pi}{3\sqrt{3}}$  (3)  $\frac{\pi}{2\sqrt{3}}$
- 4. In fcc unit cell smallest distance between octahedral void & tetrahedral void is -(a = edge length of unit cell)

  - (1)  $\frac{a}{\sqrt{2}}$  (2)  $\frac{\sqrt{3} a}{2}$  (3) a (4)  $\frac{\sqrt{3} a}{4}$
- 5. What is not true regarding hexagonal close packing
  - (1) packing fraction is 0.74
  - (2) coordination number is 12
  - (3) ABC ABC....type packing
  - (4) Containing both tetrahedral and octahedral voids
- 6. How many unit cell are there in 1 gram cubic crystal of NaCl?
  - $(1) \frac{4 \times N_A}{58.5}$
- (2)  $\frac{N_A}{58.5}$
- $(3) \frac{N_A}{58.5 \times 4}$
- (4)  $\frac{N_A}{58.5 \times 8}$
- The mass of a unit cell of CsCl corresponds to 7.
  - (1) 1 Cs<sup>+</sup> and 1 Cl<sup>-</sup>
- (2) 1 Cs<sup>+</sup> and 6 Cl<sup>-</sup>
- (3) 4 Cs<sup>+</sup> and 4 Cl<sup>-</sup> (4) 8 Cs<sup>+</sup> and 1 Cl<sup>-</sup>
- Edge length of M+X- (NaCl structure) is 7.2 Å. 8. Assuming  $M^+ - X^-$  contact along the cell edge, radius
  - of  $X^{\!\scriptscriptstyle -}\,ion$  is (  $r_{M^+}^{}\,=1.6\mbox{\normalfon}$  ) :
  - (1) 2.0 Å (2) 5.6 Å
- (3) 2.8 Å
- $r_{Na^+} = 95 \text{ pm}$  and  $r_{C\Gamma} = 181 \text{ pm}$  in NaCl (rock salt) 9. structure. What is the shortest distance between Na+ions?
  - (1) 778.3 pm
- (2) 276 pm
- (3) 195.7 pm
- (4) 390.3 pm
- The measured density of AqI is 6.94 g/cm<sup>-3</sup> and **10**. the theoretical density is 5.67 g/cm<sup>-3</sup>. These data indicate that solid AgI has -
  - (1) Schottky defect
  - (2) Frenkel defect
  - (3) Interstitial impurities defect
  - (4) Both (1) and (2)

- (1) A metal can show only non-stoichiometric defects (2) Schottky defect reduces the density of a solid due
  - to significant increase in volume. (3) Impurity defect always change the density.
  - (4) Solids having F-centres may have metal excess defect due to missing anions.
- **12**. Correct statement for ccp is:
  - (1) Each octahedral void is surrounded by 6 spheres and each sphere is surrounded by 4 octahedral
  - (2) Each octahedral void is surrounded by 6 spheres and each sphere is surrounded by 6 octahedral
  - (3) Each octahedral void is surrounded by 6 spheres and each sphere is surrounded by 8 octahedral
  - (4) Each octahedral void is surrounded by 6 spheres and each sphere is surrounded by 12 octahedral voids
- 13. Which of the following statements is correct in the rock-salt structure of an ionic compounds?
  - (1) coordination number of cation is four whereas that of anion is six.
  - (2) coordination number of cation is six whereas that of anion is four.
  - (3) coordination number of each cation and anion is
  - (4) coordination number of each cation and anion is six.

## 14. Column-I

[Distance in terms of edge length of cube (a)]

- (P) 0.866 a
- (Q) 0.707 a
- (R) 0.433 a
- (S) a

## Column-II

- (I) Shortest distance between cation & anion in CsCl structure.
- (II) Shortest distance between two cation in CaF<sub>2</sub> structure.
- (III) Shortest distance between carbon atoms in diamond.
- (IV) shortest distance between next nearest cations in rock salt structrue.

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## Code:

P	Q	R	S
(1) IV	${ m I\hspace{1em}I}$	I	${ m I\hspace{1em}I}$
(2) I	${\rm I\hspace{1em}I}$	Ш	IV
(3) Ⅲ	П	I	IV

The no. of atoms per unit cell in B.C.C. & F.C.C. is **15**. respectively:

(1) 8, 10

(2) 2, 4

(3) 1, 2

(4) 1.3

**16**. How many unit cells are present in a cube-shaped ideal crystal of NaCl of mass 1.00g?

(1)  $1.28 \times 10^{21}$  unit cells (2)  $1.71 \times 10^{21}$  unit cells

(3)  $2.57 \times 10^{21}$  unit cells (4)  $5.14 \times 10^{21}$  unit cells

What type of crystal defect is indicated in the **17**. diagram below?

> $Na^+$ Cl-Na+ Cl-Na+ Cl-Cl-Cl-Na+ Na+ Cl-Na+ Cl-Cl-Na<sup>+</sup> Cl-Na +Cl-Na<sup>+</sup> Na+

- (1) Frenkel defect
- (2) Schottky defect
- (3) Interstitial defect
- (4) Frenkel and Schottky defects
- An ionic compound has a unit cell consisting of A **18**. ions at the corners of a cube and B ions on the centres of the faces of the cube. The empirical formula of this compound would be -

 $(1) A_0 B$ 

(2) AB

 $(4) AB_3$ 

- **19**. Lattice energy of an ionic compound depends upon-
  - (1) Size of the ion only
  - (2) Charge on the ion only
  - (3) Charge on the ion and size of the ion
  - (4) Packing of ions only
- 20. Total volume of atoms present in a face-centred cubic unit cell of a metal is (r is atomic radius):

(1)  $\frac{24}{3}\pi r^3$  (2)  $\frac{12}{3}\pi r^3$  (3)  $\frac{16}{3}\pi r^3$  (4)  $\frac{20}{3}\pi r^3$ 

21. In a compound, atoms of element Y form ccp lattice and those of element X occupy 2/3rd of tetrahedral voids. The formula of the compound will be -

 $(1) X_4 Y_3 \qquad (2) X_2 Y_3$ 

 $(3) X_2 Y$ 

 $(4) X_3 Y_4$ 

**22**. The edge length of a face centred cubic cell of an ionic substance is 508 pm. If the radius of the cation is 110 pm, the radius of the anion is:

(1) 144 pm

(2) 288 pm

(3) 398 pm

(4) 618 pm

**23**. Percentages of free space in cubic close packed structure and in body centred packed structure are respectively:-

(1) 48% and 26%

(2) 30% and 26%

(3) 26% and 32%

(4) 32% and 48%

24. The radius of a calcium ion is 94 pm and of the oxide ion is 146 pm. The possible crystal structure of calcium oxide will be :-

(1) Octahedral

(2) Tetrahedral

(3) Pyramidal

(4) Trigonal

25. The coordination number of a metal crystallising in a hcp structure is

(1) 12

(2)4

(3) 8

(4)6

**26**. In a solid "AB" having NaCl structure "A" atoms occupy the corners of the cubic unit cell. If all the face-centred atoms along one of the axes are removed, then the resultant stoichiometry of the solid

(1)  $AB_2$  (2)  $A_2B$  (3)  $A_4B_3$  (4)  $A_3B_4$  A substance  $A_xB_y$  crystallises in a FCC lattice in which 27. atoms "A" occupy each corner of the cube and atoms "B" occupy the centres of each face of the cube. Identify the correct composition of the substance A.B... (1) AB<sub>3</sub>

 $(2) A_{1}B_{2}$ 

 $(3) A_{2}B$ 

(4) composition cannot be specified

28. Which of the following FCC structure contains cations in alternate tetrahedral voids?

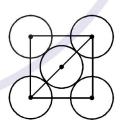
(1) NaCl

(2) ZnS

(3) Na<sub>2</sub>O

(4) CaF<sub>2</sub>

- 29. The correct statement(s) regarding defects in solid is (are)
  - (1) Frenkel defect is usually favoured by a very small difference in the sizes of cation and anion.
  - (2) Frenkel defect is a dislocation defect
  - (3) Trapping of an electron in the lattice leads to the formation of F-center.
  - (4) Schottky defects have no effect on the physical properties of solids.
- **30**. The packing effeciency of the two-dimensional square unit cell shown below is



(1) 39.27%

(2) 68.02%

(3) 74.05%

(4) 78.54%

			ANSWER KEY		Exercise-I					
Que.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Ans.	3	3	2	4	3	3	1	1	4	3
Que.	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Ans.	4	2	4	2	2	3	2	4	3	3
Que.	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Ans.	1	1	3	1	1	4	1	2	2,3	4